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## **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - 2022**

Semester: 4th

Branch : Chemical Engineering

Subject Code: Ch-401

## APPLIED CHEMISTRY

Full Marks - 70

## Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Instructions :

- 1. All questions of PART A are compulsory.
- 2. Answer any five questions from PART-B.

PART-A Marks - 25

C 1×5=5 Fill in the blanks:

- (a) Reaction of carboxylic acid and alcohol esler. produces
- is an example of oil in water (b) emulsion.

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- (c) On dehydration, alcohols produce alking
- (d) Internal energy is a state function.
- (c) Half-life of finst order reaction is indepenline dent of initial concentration.
- 2. State True or False:
  - (a) On dilution, conductivity of increases.
  - (b) Rate of a reaction is independent of temperature.
    - (c) Gibbs potential is used to predict the spontaneity of a chemical reaction.
    - (d) pH + pOH = 1
- (e) The size of colloidal particles is less than that of the solution.
  - poose the correct option :

 $1 \times 5 = 5$ 

(a) In an adiabatic process Temperature remains constant  $(\mathbf{i})$ (ii) Volume remains constant (iii) Heat remains constant (iv) Pressure remains constant 29/Ch-401/App.Chem./4th Sem (2)

## (b) Phenols are

(i) Derivatives of benzene (ii) Aromatic alcohols niine (iii) Aromatic carboxylic acid (iv) Polyhydric alcohols (c) Which of the following is a nulleophile? (i) H<sub>1</sub>O<sup>+</sup> (iii) OHemulsion, the (d)In dispersed phase and dispersion modium are (i) Liquid, solid (ii) Solid, liquid (iii) Liquid, liquid (iv) Gas, liquid Entropy of a spontaneous process Increases (ii) Decreases (iii) Remains same

(iv) May increase and decrease.

4. Answer the following questions in brief:  $1 \times 5 =$ 

(a) What is the unit of rate constant of a first order reaction?

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 $1 \times 5 = 5$ 

- (b) Give one example of a path function.
- (c) How is benzene converted to toluene
- (d) Define Conductance.
- (e) What is a Closed system?
- 5. Match the following

(a) Reducing agent (i) Catayst (b) Ohm7 (ii) Alcohol ermentation (iii) Solvent loving colloid (d) Increases rate (iv) Unit of of reaction conductance (e) Lyophillic sol (v) Aldehyde 29/Ch-401/App.Chem./4th Sem 350(G) (4)

PART - B

Marks-45

- 6. (a) State the Second law of thermodynamics. 2
  - (b) Explain the processes involved in a Carnot
  - (c) Distinguish between intensive and extensi properties with examples.

3

(a) What is rate of a reaction ? Write the various factors which influence the rate of reaction.

7.

8.

(b) Give one example of a pseudo first order reaction.

(c) Derive the integrated rate law of 1st order reaction.

(a) What is common ion effect? 3

Find the pH of 0.0001 M KOH. 3

(c) What is buffer solution? Give one example of each of acidic and basic buffer. 3

9. (a) Differentiate between physisorption and chemisorption.

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(b) Write notes on the following: 3×2=6
(i) Tyndall effect
(ii) Dialysis.

(c) Write one difference between true solution and colloidal solution.

10. (a) How are the following conversions done? (give reactions) 1×5=5
(i) Benzene to Phenol (ii) Methanol to Ethanol (iii) Acetic acid to methane (decastburget) (iv) Ethanol to Ethene
(v) Ethanol to Acetic acid.
(b) Wede three homologues of Benzene. 3

Write the structure of Adipic acid.

(a) How is acetic acid produced from primary 2 alcohol?

3

(b) Write a note on Inductive effect.

(c) How is ethyl alcohol manufactured from 4 molasses?